

First Name:

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Last Name:

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Email:

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Gas Safety Legislation  
Assessment ID : A1-GSL

Instructions: Select a single answer from all questions (Questions are at top and answers at base)

Question

Appliance Locations

1.

The Gas Industry has realised that installing gas appliances in certain locations can lead to injury or death. Which of the following is "incorrect"

- A Room Sealed Gas Boiler Can be installed in a Bath or Shower Room
- An Open Flued Gas Appliance Can Be installed in a Bath or Shower Room
- A Flueless Gas Appliance Can be installed in a Kitchen
- A Flueless Gas Appliance Can be Installed in a Living Room

2.

Tick the "incorrect" answer below

- A Flueless Gas Appliance can be installed in a Bedroom
- Flueless Gas Appliances can be installed in a living room
- An open Flued gas space heater rated below 14kw with an atmospheric sensing safety device can be installed in a bedroom
- An Open Flued Gas Appliance with a heat input above 14kw with an atmospheric sensing device can be installed in a Bedroom

3.

Tick the "incorrect" statement below

- A Flueless Gas Water Heater can be installed in a store cupboard within a bathroom so long as the compartment is vented directly to the outside
- An Open Flued Gas Boiler can be installed within a bedroom cupboard so long as it is less than 14kw and has an atmospheric sensing device
- An Open Flued Gas Boiler Can be installed in a Dining Room Compartment
- A Room Sealed Appliance can be installed in a shower room

4.

LPG is Heavier than air and sinks toward the ground. LPG Gas Appliances cannot be installed in

- Bedrooms
- Compartments
- Living Areas
- A Cellar or sub floor area

5.

A Gas Cooker or Hob Can be Installed in a Bedroom (Bed Sit). However the room volume must

- exceed 21m<sup>3</sup>
- be less than 20m<sup>3</sup>
- exceed 5m<sup>3</sup>
- be less than 10m<sup>3</sup>

Manufacturers Instructions Answer all questions

1.

Manufacturers Installation instructions primarily have priority over the British Standards

- True
- False

2.

It is a legal requirement to install gas appliances in accordance with the manufacturers instructions. Which regulation states this?

- Regulation 14
- Regulation 27
- Regulation 33
- Regulation 36

3.

Where a second hand gas appliance is being installed and the manufacturers instructions are not available

- the British Standards should be used
- the manufacturer should be consulted prior to commencing installation
- the appliance must be installed to the best ability of the installer
- the installer should consult the gas safe register for notification prior to installation

4.

An existing gas appliance whose ventilation and fluing requirements are found to comply with the British Standards but not with the MI (Manufacturers Installation Instructions) Is deemed

- Safe for use
- Unsafe for use

GIUSP Gas Industry Unsafe Situations Procedure Answer all questions

1.

Unsafe gas appliances/installations are classified into two main categories. What are they?

- AR (At Risk) and NCS (Not to Current Standards)
- NCS (Not to Current Standards) and ID (Immediately Dangerous)
- IR (Immediately Reportable) and AR (At Risk)
- ID (Immediately Dangerous) and AR (At Risk)

2.

When faced with an Immediately Dangerous installation, The GIUSP states that if the customer does not agree to the installation being disconnected, the engineer should...

- Complete the unsafe installation form and ask them to sign it. Give them a copy and leave.
- Report it immediately to the ESP and obtain the ESP's reference number
- Use your judgement on deciding to report the installation
- just leave the premises

3.

Which of the examples below is an example of an ID (immediately dangerous) situation

- Pipework failing a gas tightness test
- Gas fire fitted in letterbox opening
- Open flue or flueless appliances with less than 90% of required ventilation
- Restricted access to the ecv (non-emergency situation)

4.

Which of these is an example of an AR (at risk) situation?

- Spillage of combustion products
- Open end on a live gas pipe
- Flexible gas connection of flued appliance
- Evidence of poor combustion on flueless appliance

5.

Riddor regulation 11(2) Requires gas registered business and engineers to report

- Immediately dangerous situations that pose a threat to life, consciousness or lead to hospitalisation
- At Risk and Immediately Dangerous situations that pose a potential threat to life
- all dangerous gas fittings, appliances and their associated flues and ventilation resulting from lack of maintenance

6.

Riddor regulation 11(1) requires any such incidents to be reported within

- 2 hours of attending an incident and reported online within 14 days
- 1 hour of attending an incident and reported online within 14 days
- 7 days of attending an incident and reported online within 14 days
- 14 days of attending

Any Questions please contact [info@cts-group.org.uk](mailto:info@cts-group.org.uk)

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